## Visual Basic DrawArc Study Guide

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## How It Works:

The DrawArc command is not as simple as it seems, so pay attention.
1.) You choose an ( $x, y$ ) coordinate. What this means is, the first number (your $x$ ) is how many pixels away from the left side of the form you make your point, and the second number (your $y$ ) is how far away from the top your point is.
e.Graphics.DrawArc(50, 50,


The small dot is where the point $(50,50)$ is.
2.) You will choose a width and height for the rectangle you are making. You might say, "But Sam, I'm not making a rectangle." Just keep reading. Your third number will be your width (how wide) and your fourth number will be your height (how high). Don't be confused - even though it is height, the number you put in will be how far down your rectangle goes from your point.

3.) The computer will draw an ellipse in the rectangle touching all sides of the rectangle. Up to this point, this is exactly how DrawEllipse works.

4.) This is where it gets tricky, especially for those of you who aren't in advanced math. The fifth number you choose is called your startAngle. This is the angle measure where your arc will START. The angle measures are contrary to conventional math, so see the picture on the next page to know where the angles are.


Note that there are 360 degrees in every circle. The number you choose is the number on the circle where you will start your arc.

Example: the number 200 will start just above the 180 on the circle.
5.) The final number you will input is called the sweepAngle. This is how many degrees your angle will CONTINUE from the point where you STARTED.

Example: If my startAngle is 180, and my sweepAngle is 90, it will not draw from 180 to 90 , it will draw from 180 to 270 because $180+90=270$.

Note: To draw a full circle, make your sweepAngle 360.
Note: You are allowed to type in negative numbers for your sweepAngle ONLY. Therefore, if my startAngle is 180 and my sweepAngle is -90 , it will go from 180 to 90 because $180-90=90$.

Your result:
e.Graphics.DrawArc(50, 50, 100, 100, 180, 90)


